

## **Classification of Scopes in ISO 15189**

## Introduction

Scopes of accreditation is defined by the classes shown below and usually include reference to specific determinations, analytical techniques, relevant standards, test methods and specifications or in-house test methods and, in some cases, include analytical ranges and limits of reporting. Accreditation for these scopes may be granted in whichever applicable field of testing that best suits the concerned authority.

The scope of accreditation may be extended provided that the laboratory complies with conditions for accreditation for the classes of scopes or specific tests involved. Where the existing classes do not cover the needs of a laboratory, PAB welcomes proposals for additional classes to be included in this field.

### **Chemistry**

- General Chemistry
- Special Chemistry
- Toxicology
- Urinalysis

### **Cytogenetics**

### **Haematology**

- Body Fluid Analysis
- Flow Cytometry
- Coagulation

### **Immunoematology**

### **Immunology**

### **Microbiology**

- Bacteriology
- Molecular Biology
- Mycology
- Parasitology
- Serology of Infection
- Virology

### **Molecular Genetics**

### **Pathology**

- Cytopathology
- Histopathology

### **Point-of-Care**